

TABLE 2B-2 (continued)
AGE-ADJUSTED* MORTALITY RATES BY GENDER AND YEAR FOR SELECTED LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH,
ARIZONA, 1994-2004

		1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE**	Total	14.4	13.7	16.0	14.3	14.1	16.0	21.8	22.5	28.0	32.5	31.3
	Male	14.3	13.0	12.4	11.5	11.0	13.5	17.5	18.4	23.4	26.6	26.4
	Female	14.4	13.8	18.0	16.2	15.8	17.9	24.2	25.1	30.5	35.9	34.2
DIABETES	Total	18.7	18.3	19.5	19.7	18.8	20.0	19.0	19.9	22.3	20.3	20.7
	Male	19.4	18.6	20.5	20.6	21.3	23.3	21.0	22.9	25.6	23.6	23.4
	Female	17.8	18.0	18.9	18.8	16.5	17.3	17.2	17.5	19.7	17.5	18.4
CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS	Total	14.2	13.6	12.5	13.7	12.0	12.0	12.8	12.3	12.1	11.5	11.1
	Male	19.6	18.3	16.5	19.0	17.2	16.9	17.7	17.7	15.6	16.2	15.6
	Female	9.3	9.3	8.7	8.9	7.4	7.5	8.3	7.5	8.9	7.1	6.9
NEPHRITIS, NEPHROTIC SYNDROME AND NEPHROSIS**	Total	10.3	8.3	8.6	8.5	8.5	9.7	11.7	12.0	11.3	10.1	11.0
	Male	12.6	8.9	9.4	10.0	10.0	12.2	13.9	15.6	12.9	12.0	13.4
	Female	8.9	7.8	8.1	7.4	7.4	8.0	10.4	9.7	10.4	8.8	9.4
INTENTIONAL SELF-HARM (SUICIDE)	Total	20.2	19.8	17.2	17.7	17.7	15.8	14.6	14.9	15.9	14.6	14.9
	Male	33.5	31.5	28.7	29.5	28.6	25.7	24.7	24.6	26.4	24.0	24.1
	Female	7.6	8.8	6.4	6.4	7.1	6.5	5.2	5.6	6.0	5.8	6.3
ASSAULT (HOMICIDE)	Total	11.7	12.5	10.6	10.1	9.9	9.2	7.6	8.7	8.6	8.3	8.2
	Male	18.5	19.6	16.9	15.8	15.4	13.6	11.1	13.7	13.9	12.8	13.3
	Female	4.7	5.2	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.7	3.8	3.6	3.0	3.6	2.9
SEPTICEMIA**	Total	6.8	6.8	7.3	8.0	7.4	8.1	6.7	7.2	8.3	8.4	8.0
	Male	7.3	8.1	7.9	8.8	7.5	8.8	7.3	8.0	9.6	9.4	9.4
	Female	6.2	5.4	6.6	6.9	5.9	6.2	6.1	6.5	7.2	7.6	7.0

* The number of deaths per 100,000 population adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard. The cause-of-death titles are according to the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10). Beginning in 2000, the causes of death are classified by ICD-10. The causes of death for 1994-1999 are classified by the Ninth Revision (ICD-9).

** The rates for 1994-1999 are comparability-modified. In order to obtain comparability-modified data, the number of deaths or the death rate for a particular cause of death (such as Alzheimer's disease, nephritis, influenza and pneumonia, or septicemia) classified by ICD-9 is adjusted by multiplying it by the comparability ratio for that cause. Comparability ratios are measures of comparison between ICD-9 and ICD-10. Comparability ratio of 1.0 indicates that the same number of deaths would be assigned to a cause-of-death when ICD-9 or ICD-10 was used. The comparability ratios for causes of death other than the four selected above are within 1.0-1.1 range (see *Technical Notes*).

Note: The suicides rates for 2001 were revised. For more information see <http://www.azdhs.gov/plan/report/im/im/im03/3/index.htm>.