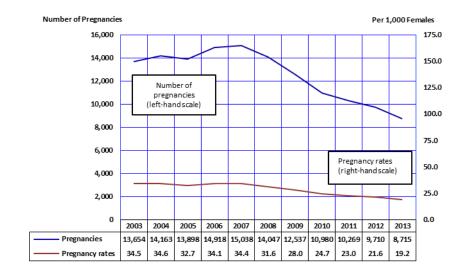
There is a difference between pregnancy rates and the absolute number of pregnancies. The teen pregnancy rate measures the proportion of teenagers becoming pregnant in a given year; in other words, the relative "risk for pregnancy" in a population "at risk". The number of pregnancies is also determined by the size of the population "at risk": or in this case, by the number of teenage females in the population.

The number of teen pregnancies decreased by 42.1 percent from 15,038 in 2007 to 8,715 in 2013 (**Figure 1A-3**). The teen pregnancy rate declined even more, by 44.2 percent, from 34.4 pregnancies per 1,000 females 10-19 years in 2007 to 19.2/1,000 in 2013. The number of teenage pregnancies and the teen pregnancy rate of 2013 were the lowest recorded since at least 1980.

Figure 1A-3
Trends in the Number of Pregnancies and Pregnancy Rates^a
among Females 19 or Younger, Arizona, 2003 - 2013

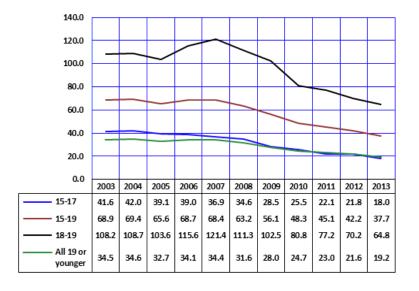


Note: $^{\rm a}$ Pregnancy rate is the number of pregnancies per 1,000 females in specified age group.

The pregnancy rate for Arizona teenagers 15-19 years old in 2013 was 37.7 pregnancies per 1,000 females (Figure 1A-4, Table 5A-2), 10.7 percent lower than 2012 and 44.9 percent lower than in 2007. The pregnancy rate for younger teenagers 15-17 years old declined by 51.2 percent (Table 1A-3) from 36.9/1,000 in 2007 to 18.0/1,000 in 2013. The pregnancy rate for older teenagers 18-19 years old declined by 46.6 percent from 121.4/1,000 in 2007 to 64.8/1,000 in 2013 (Table 1A-4).

County-level information about teen pregnancies and pregnancy rates is provided in **Table 5A-2**, **Table 5A-3**, and **Table 5A-5**. Pregnancy statistics for Arizona are not available on a sub-county level.

Figure 1A-4
Pregnancy Rates^a by Age Group and Year among Females
19 or Younger, Arizona, 2003 - 2013



Note: ^a All rates per 1,000 females in specified age group.