

TABLE 6B (continued)
MONITORING PROGRESS TOWARD ARIZONA AND SELECTED NATIONAL YEAR 2020 OBJECTIVES: 2013 COUNTY PROFILES

Focus areas and selected objectives: (in parentheses are <i>Healthy People 2020</i> objective numbers)	U.S./AZ 2020 TARGET	RATES, RATIOS OR CASES IN 2013															
		Arizona	Apache	Cochise	Coconino	Gila	Graham	Greenlee	La Paz	Maricopa	Mohave	Navajo	Pima	Pinal	Santa Cruz	Yavapai	Yuma
6B-6. DIABETES																	
Reduce the diabetes-related death rate (HP-D-3)	65.8	68.5	94.2	87.8	33.2	124.8	134.7	91.6	181.1	59.4	90.4	93.8	75.6	59.2	81.3	103.8	98.4
6B-7. HEART DISEASE AND STROKE																	
Reduce coronary heart disease deaths (HP-HDS-2)	100.8	110.0	90.4	126.8	82.9	104.2	82.2	53.4	154.7	107.0	183.7	98.0	116.3	103.0	89.3	97.2	80.8
Reduce stroke deaths (HP-HDS-3)	33.8	28.2	34.1	42.1	17.8	35.6	23.7	**	22.5	28.1	16.8	41.1	31.1	25.1	33.1	28.9	20.0
6B-8. RESPIRATORY DISEASES																	
Reduce deaths from chronic lower respiratory disease among adults aged 45 years and older (HP-RD-10)	98.5	126.6	50.7	133.9	68.3	209.5	141.0	**	140.2	119.4	225.7	82.5	125.1	123.1	40.6	183.3	111.7
6B-9. HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) DISEASE																	
Reduce the number of new HIV/AIDS cases per 100,000 population (HP-HIV-4)	13.0	11.1	12.5	6.1	10.3	**	0.0	0.0	**	12.4	6.4	12.0	11.2	11.2	**	4.2	5.3
Reduce deaths from HIV disease (HP-HIV-12)	3.3	2.7	0.0	0.0	**	**	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	3.4	**	3.2	**	0.0	**	**
6B-10. SUBSTANCE ABUSE																	
Reduce cirrhosis deaths (HP-SA-11)	8.2	14.5	31.3	15.4	17.1	28.4	24.9	**	**	12.0	25.4	41.3	15.9	17.6	12.0	16.2	10.5
Reduce drug-induced deaths (HP-SA-12)	11.3	16.9	**	8.1	16.1	27.1	20.4	0.0	**	15.5	29.5	25.1	22.2	11.8	**	27.2	11.9

Notes: Objective D-3 of *Healthy People 2020* uses as the numerator the number of deaths due to diabetes reported as the underlying or multiple cause of death. The multiple cause of death data are not available for all of the out-of-State deaths of Arizona residents, therefore the diabetes-related deaths are understated. All mortality rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard and expressed per 100,000 population. The age-adjustment standard for chronic lower respiratory disease uses the weights for three age groups among persons 45 years or older (45-49 years, 50-64 years, and 65+ years). The incidence rates of reported new HIV/ AIDS cases are based on numerators provided by the **Office of HIV/AIDS Services, Bureau of Epidemiology and Disease Control** (see Table 5F-3).

The rates based on fewer than 10 cases are not statistically reliable. See Tables 5A-1, 5B-16, 5C-1, 5C-3, 5E-16, 5E-21, 5E-23, 5F-1 for the numerators.

The rates for new HIV/AIDS cases were calculated using the population table 10a1.