2C. AGE-SPECIFIC MORTALITY Childhood mortality (ages 1-14 years)

Figure 2C-5
Mortality Rates by Gender and Year among Children 1-14 Years, Arizona, 1998-2008



mortality rate of 19.7 per 100,000 was not significantly different from the rate of 19.5 in 2007 (**Table 2C-8**). Females but not males experienced a decrease in their total mortality rates from 2007 to 2008 (**Figure 2C-5**, **Table 2C-8**).

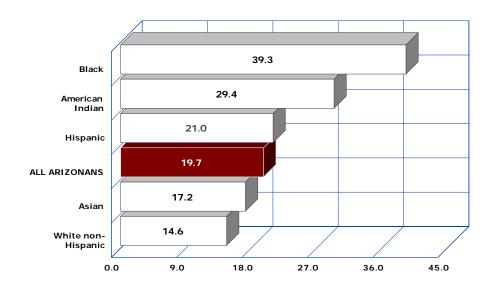
Death claimed the lives of 262

of the 1,330,464 children (1 to 14 years old) residing in Arizona in 2008. Their 2008

Females aged 1-14 years died in 2008 at the lowest rate since 1980.

Number of deaths per 100,000 persons, 1-14 years old in specified group.

Figure 2C-6
Mortality Rates by Race/Ethnicity among Children 1-14 Years, Arizona, 2008



Black or African American children had the highest 2008 total mortality rate (39.3)deaths per 100,000), followed American Indian by (29.4/100,000) and Hispanic children (21.0 deaths 100,000; Figure 2C-6). The mortality rates for Asian and White non-Hispanic children were lower than the average rate for all groups.

It is important to note that the rate for Asian or Pacific Islander children is based on only 6 deaths (**Table 2C-11**), and it is not statistically reliable.

^{*}Number of deaths per 100,000 persons, 1-14 years old in specified group.